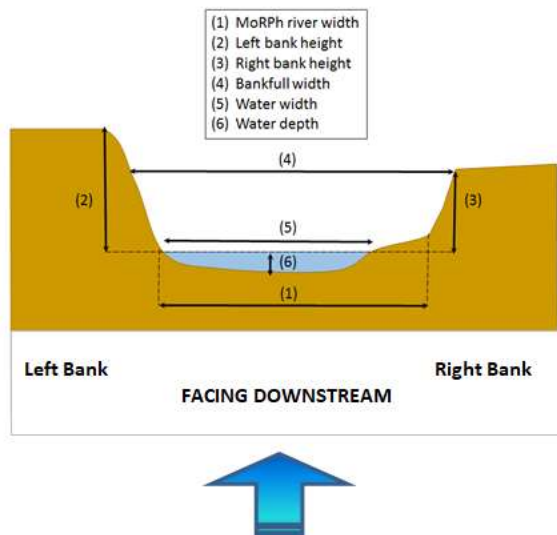


PROJECT DETAILS	
Project name	
Correlation code	

1.1 SURVEYOR AND SURVEY CONDITIONS	
Surveyor	
Survey date and time	
Module surveyed from?	left / right / both banks
Bed visible?	Yes / No
Adverse conditions?	Yes / No
If yes, describe e.g. elevated flow, turbid water, etc	

1.3 CHANNEL DIMENSIONS (m)	
Cross section GPS	
1. MoRPh river width	
2. Left bank height	
3. Right bank height	
4. Bankfull width	
5. Water width	
6. Water depth	

Multi-MoRPh Channel Dimensions
If surveying multiple adjoining modules: a minimum of ONE (REPRESENTATIVE) SET OF CHANNEL DIMENSIONS should be measured for each group - up to 10 modules.
TIP!:- Bridges provide a good location for estimating dimensions of larger rivers.



PROJECT DETAILS	
WFD Water Body ID	
Survey type (monitoring, pre-project post-project, post-recovery, scenario, training)	

1.2 MODULE NAME AND LOCATION	
River name	
Location/Reach name	
SubReach name (used to reference a sub-reach of contiguous modules)	
Module number (1, 2, 3... number from upstream to downstream within SubReach)	
Riverfly site reference (optional)	
Module length (m) (i)	
NGR / GPS - Midpoint	

(i) Determining your Module Length	
River width (m) (ii)	Module length (m)
< 5 m	10 m
5 to < 10 m	20 m
10 to < 20 m	30 m
20 to < 30 m	40 m
Large & navigable rivers and canals	50 m
(ii) Predominant MoRPh river width is used to determine module length. It is estimated as the typical water width plus any area of bare sediment or emergent aquatic plants at the water edge. <i>If river ≥ 30 m wide it is usually too large for a full MoRPh Survey. For Large & navigable rivers and canals a reduced MoRPh survey is possible, focusing on the banktops and faces and those bed features that are visible</i>	

Identifying the LEFT AND RIGHT BANK
The LEFT and RIGHT BANK of a river are on the left and right sides of the channel when facing in a downstream direction with the water flowing away from you

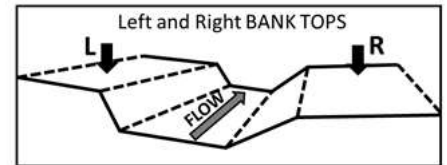
1.4 PHOTOGRAPHS (max 4)	
Fixed point photograph taken with NGR / GPS? (Y/N)	
Photo ref 1 (iv)	
Photo ref 2	
Photo ref 3	
Photo ref 4	
We recommend 3 photos from the midpoint, one across, one looking upstream and one downstream to cover entire module. Photo 4 could be of special features or to support notes/queries.	

NOTES

Use this box to enter details where you are unsure of any measurements / records you have made.

Sheet 2 - BANK TOP MEASUREMENTS

MEASUREMENTS



RECORD WHAT YOU SEE NOT WHAT YOU KNOW (within 10 m of bank edge)

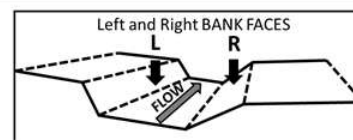
MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	CODE	ABUNDANCE	NOTES
2.1 BANK TOP - ARTIFICIAL / MANAGED GROUND COVE				
Artificial ground cover	Artificial ground cover (Fp, Tr, Ic, Re, Sy, Ld, Ar, Pv, Pr, Pw, Ow)	DOMINANT TYPE	LB RB	LB RB
		SUB-DOMINANT TYPE	LB RB	LB RB
2.2 BANK TOP - NATURAL / LIGHTLY MANAGED GROUND COVER				
Terrestrial vegetation	Unvegetated (bare soil / rock)		LB RB	LB RB
	Mosses / lichens		LB RB	LB RB
	Short/creeping herbs/grasses		LB RB	LB RB
	Tall herbs/grasses		LB RB	LB RB
	Scrub or shrubs		LB RB	LB RB
	Saplings or trees		LB RB	LB RB
	Isolated trees (ONLY those with a significant proportion on bank top)		LB RB	LB RB
	Leaning trees		LB RB	LB RB
	J-shaped trees		LB RB	LB RB
	Tree/shrub branches trailing into channel		LB RB	LB RB
	Large wood (wood pieces > 1m long, > 10 cm diameter)		LB RB	LB RB
	Predominant tree type (Absent, Deciduous, Coniferous, Mixed)		LB RB	LB RB
Non-native invasive plant species	Himalayan balsam		LB RB	LB RB
	Japanese knotweed		LB RB	LB RB
	Giant hogweed		LB RB	LB RB
	Floating pennywort		LB RB	LB RB
	Other: NAME SPECIES		LB RB	LB RB
	Other: NAME SPECIES		LB RB	LB RB
2.3 BANK TOP - WATER RELATED FEATURES				
Water-related features	Pond	Disconnected from river at time of survey	LB RB	LB RB
		Connected to river by water-filled channel at time of survey	LB RB	LB RB
	Side channel - free flowing separate channel including tributaries and fish passes		LB RB	LB RB
	Wetland (recorded by dominant vegetation type)	Short non-woody vegetation (e.g. mosses, sedges)	LB RB	LB RB
		Tall, non-woody vegetation (e.g. reeds, rushes)	LB RB	LB RB
		Shrubs and trees (e.g. alder / willow carr)	LB RB	LB RB

SUB-DOMINANT TYPE
ONLY RECORD if it occupies > 20% of area within 10m of bank edge

ABUNDANCE CODES
A/T/P/E abundance codes on sheet 2 refer to proportion of area within 10 m of bank edge along the module length. Circle one of:
A = absent,
T = trace (< 5%),
P = present (5% - <33%),
E = extensive (> 33%)

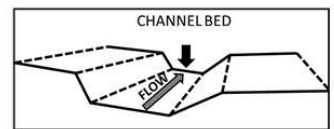
PLANT IDENTIFICATION
See MoRPh field guide

NOTES (ctd.)



RECORD WHAT YOU SEE NOT WHAT YOU KNOW

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	CODE	ABUNDANCE	NOTES
3.1 BANK FACE - PROFILE				
Bank face - Profile	Natural / artificial bank profile	DOMINANT TYPE (V, Vo, Vu, Vt, St, Gt, Cm, Rs, Ts, Em, Sm, Pc)	Bank profile type	LB RB LB RB
		SUB-DOMINANT TYPE (see (ii))	Bank profile type	LB RB LB RB
3.2 BANK FACE - MATERIALS				
Bank face - Natural materials	Bank face sediment (AR, BE, BO, CO, GP, SA, SI, CL, OR, PE, EA, NV)	Sediment size (top 2/3)	LB RB	WHICH PART OF THE BANK IS REINFORCED? A = absent T = mainly the top B = mainly the bottom W = Whole bank face
		Sediment size (bottom 1/3)	LB RB	
Bank face - Reinforcement	Which part of the bank is reinforced? (NOTE SPECIFIC CODES IN BOX (ii))		A / T / B / W	A / T / B / W
	How extensive is the reinforcement horizontally along the module?		A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E
	Bank reinforcement	DOMINANT TYPE (CC, CB, BR, SP, WP, BW, RR, GA, WS, RE, BC, WO)	Reinforcement type	SUB-DOMINANT TYPE ONLY RECORD if it occupies > 20% reinforced area
		SUB-DOMINANT TYPE (see (iii))	Reinforcement type	
3.3 BANK FACE / CHANNEL MARGIN - FEATURES				
Natural physical features	Bare / unvegetated side bar (< 50% vegetation cover)	Sediment size	LB RB	ABUNDANCE CODES A/T/P/E abundance codes on sheet 3 refer to proportion of bank length occupied by feature, APART FROM 'Terrestrial vegetation on bank face' and 'Non-native invasive plant species' in section 3.4, which refer to proportion of bank face area : A = 0%, T = < 5%,
	Vegetated side bar (>50% vegetation cover)	Sediment size	LB RB	
	Berm (if unsure whether berm/bench record as berm)		LB RB	
	Bench (if unsure whether berm/bench record as berm)		LB RB	
	Stable cliff (> 0.5 m)		LB RB	
	Eroding cliff (> 0.5m)		LB RB	
	Toe		LB RB	
	Nest holes or animal burrows		LB RB	
	Marginal backwater		LB RB	
	Tributary junction / confluence: RECORD AS COUNT		LB RB	
Artificial physical features	Pipes / outfalls (if appear potentially functional): RECORD AS COUNT		LB RB	Maj (Major) = >20% channel width; Int (Intermediate) = 10-20% width; Min (Minor) = <10% width
	Jetty		Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min	
	Deflector		Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min	
	Other: INSERT FEATURE NAME		Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min	
3.4 BANK FACE / CHANNEL MARGIN - VEGETATION				
Terrestrial vegetation on bank face	Unvegetated (bare earth or rock)	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	Fallen trees (ONLY those with a significant proportion on bank face)
	Mosses / lichens	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
	Short/creeping herbs/grasses	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
	Tall herbs/grasses	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
	Scrub or shrubs	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
	Saplings or trees	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
	Large wood (pieces > 1m long, > 10 cm diameter)	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
Aquatic vegetation at bank-water margin	Liverworts, mosses, lichens	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	Amphibious
	Emergent broad-leaved	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	Filamentous algae
	Emergent linear-leaved (incl horsetails)	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
Non-native invasive plant species	Himalayan balsam	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	Other: RECORD SPECIES NAME
	Japanese knotweed	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
	Giant hogweed	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	Other: RECORD SPECIES NAME
	Floating pennywort	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	

**RECORD WHAT YOU SEE NOT WHAT YOU KNOW**

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE		ABUNDANCE	MEASUREMENT TYPE	ABUNDANCE	
4.1 CHANNEL BED - MATERIALS						
Channel bed - Natural materials	Bed sediment size	Bedrock (BE)	A / T / P / E	Silt (and finer non-sticky particles, SI)	A / T / P / E	
		Boulder (BO)	A / T / P / E	Clay (CL)	A / T / P / E	
		Cobble (CO)	A / T / P / E	Organic (leaves, twigs etc. not fully decomposed) (OR)	A / T / P / E	
		Gravel-Pebble (GP)	A / T / P / E		A / T / P / E	
		Sand (SA)	A / T / P / E	Peat (PE)	A / T / P / E	
	Silt overlying coarser sediments	Continuous silt layer (the form of underlying coarser sediments is visible)	A / T / P / E	Patchy thin layer (some coarser particles protrude through the silt layer)	A / T / P / E	
Channel bed - Reinforcement	Bed reinforcement extent		A / T / P / E	(i) SUB-DOMINANT REINFORCEMENT TYPE: ONLY RECORD if it occupies > 20% reinforced area		
			CODE / DESCRIPTION			
	Bed reinforcement materials	DOMINANT TYPE (CC, CB, BR, SP, WP, BW, RR, GA, WS, RE, BC, WO)	reinforcement type			
		SUB-DOMINANT TYPE (see (ii))	reinforcement type			

4.2 WATER SURFACE					
Water surface flow patterns	Flow types	Free fall (FF)	A / T / P / E	Rippled (RP)	A / T / P / E
		Chute (CH)	A / T / P / E	Smooth (SM)	A / T / P / E
		Broken standing waves (BW)	A / T / P / E	No perceptible flow (NP)	A / T / P / E
		Unbroken standing waves (UW)	A / T / P / E		
		Upwelling (UP)	A / T / P / E	Dry (DR)	A / T / P / E

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	CODE / DESCRIPTION	ABUNDANCE	NOTES
4.3 CHANNEL BED - FEATURES				
Channel bed - Natural physical features	Exposed bedrock		A / T / P / E	ABUNDANCE CODES A/T/P/E abundance codes on sheet 4 refer to proportion of the area of the river bed within the module length. Circle one of: A = absent, T = trace (< 5%), P = present (5% - <33%), E = extensive (> 33%)
	Exposed unvegetated boulders / rocks (< 50% vegetation cover)		A / T / P / E	
	Exposed vegetated boulders / rocks (> 50% vegetation cover)		A / T / P / E	
	Bare / unvegetated mid channel bar (< 50% vegetation cover)	sediment size	A / T / P / E	
	Vegetated mid channel bar (>50% vegetation cover)	sediment size	A / T / P / E	
	Island		A / T / P / E	
	Cascade		A / T / P / E	
	Pool: RECORD AS COUNT			
	Riffle: RECORD AS COUNT			
	Step (steep boulder/bedrock feature <2m high, mainly chute and free fall): RECORD AS COUNT			
Channel bed - Artificial features	Waterfall (steep boulder/bedrock feature >2m high, mainly free fall): RECORD AS COUNT			WEIR TYPES / SIZES Major: permanent, impermeable, impounding structure across entire channel width Intermediate: semi-permeable, loose stone / wood structure across entire channel width Minor: highly permeable, transient feature across entire channel width
	Large trash (car parts, trolleys, traffic cones etc)		A / T / P / E	
	Major weir (see (ii)): RECORD AS COUNT			
	Intermediate weir (see (ii)): RECORD AS COUNT			
	Minor weir (see (ii)): RECORD AS COUNT			
	Bridge piers in river bed: RECORD AS COUNT			
	Bridge shadow (see (iii))		Wide / Int / Narr	
	Culvert: RECORD AS COUNT			BRIDGE SHADOW Wide = > 25 m channel length, Int (Intermediate) = 10-25 m, Narr (Narrow) = < 10m

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	ABUNDANCE	MEASUREMENT TYPE	ABUNDANCE
4.4 CHANNEL BED - VEGETATION				
Unvegetated	Unvegetated (bare river bed)	A / T / P / E	Amphibious	A / T / P / E
Aquatic vegetation	Liverworts, mosses, lichens (terrestrial & aquatic)	A / T / P / E	Submerged broad-leaved	A / T / P / E
	Emergent broad-leaved	A / T / P / E	Submerged linear-leaved	A / T / P / E
	Emergent linear-leaved (incl horsetails)	A / T / P / E	Submerged fine-leaved	A / T / P / E
	Floating leaved (rooted)	A / T / P / E	Filamentous algae	A / T / P / E
	Free floating	A / T / P / E	Channel choked with aquatic plants?	YES / NO
Terrestrial vegetation	Short/creeping herbs/grasses	A / T / P / E	Large wood (pieces > 1m long, 10cm diameter)	A / T / P / E
	Tall herbs/grasses	A / T / P / E	Discrete accumulations of organic material (e.g. twigs, leaves)	A / T / P / E
	Scrub or shrubs	A / T / P / E	Large wood dam (crosses entire width of channel bed): RECORD AS COUNT	
	Saplings or trees	A / T / P / E		
	Vegetation shading channel	A / T / P / E	Fallen trees (ONLY those with a significant proportion in channel): RECORD AS COUNT	
	Submerged tree roots	A / T / P / E		
	Trees/shrubs/saplings growing from <u>submerged</u> river bed	A / T / P / E		
Non-native invasive plant species	Himalayan balsam	A / T / P / E	Other: RECORD SPECIES NAME	A / T / P / E
	Japanese knotweed	A / T / P / E		
	Giant hogweed	A / T / P / E	Other: RECORD SPECIES NAME	A / T / P / E
	Floating pennywort	A / T / P / E		