Modular River Physical (MoRPh) Field Survey (ver 12)

Sheet 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

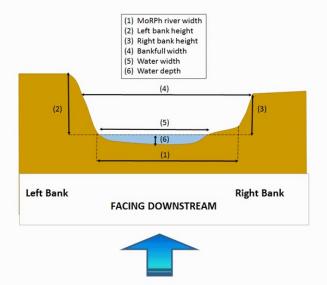
RECORD WHAT YOU SEE NOT WHAT YOU KNOW

PROJECT DETAILS (Optional)				
Project name				
Project code				

1.1 SURVEYOR AND SURVEY CONDITIONS							
Surveyor							
Survey date and time							
Module surveyed from?	left / right / both banks						
Bed visible?	Yes / No						
Adverse conditions?	Yes / No						
If yes, describe e.g. elevated							
flow, turbid water, etc							

1.3 CHANNEL DIMENSIONS (m)					
Cross section GPS					
1. MoRPh river width					
2. Left bank height					
3. Right bank height					
4. Bankfull width	100000				
5. Water width					
6. Water depth					

Multi-MoRPh Channel Dimensions If surveying multiple adjoining modules: a minimum of ONE (REPRESENTATIVE) SET OF CHANNEL DIMENSIONS should be measured for each group - up to 10 modules. TIP!:- Bridges provide a good location for estimating dimensions of larger rivers.



PROJECT DETAI	LS (Optional)
WFD Water Body ID	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Survey type (monitoring, pre-project post-project, post-recovery, scenario, training)	

1.2 MODULE NAME AND LOCATION				
River name				
Location/Reach name				
SubReach name				
(used to reference a sub-reach of				
contiguous modules)				
Module number (1, 2, 3				
number from upstream to				
downstream within SubReach)				
Riverfly site reference (optional)				
Module length (m) (i)				
NGR / GPS - Midpoint				

(i) Determining your Module Length					
River width (m) (ii) Module length (m)					
< 5 m	10 m				
5 to < 10 m	20 m				
10 to < 20 m	30 m				
20 to < 30 m	40 m				
Large & navigable rivers and canals	50 m				

(ii) Predominant MoRPh river width is used to determine module length. It is estimated as the typical water width plus any area of bare sediment or emergent aquatic plants at the water edge.

If river \geq 30 m wide it is usually too large for a full MoRPh Survey. For Large & navigable rivers and canals a reduced MoRPh survey is possible, focusing on the banktops and faces and those bed features that are visible

Identifying the LEFT AND RIGHT BANK

The LEFT and RIGHT BANK of a river are on the left and right sides of the channel when facing in a downstream direction with the water flowing away from you

1.4 PHOTOGRAPHS (max 4)				

We recommend 3 photos from the midpoint, one across, one looking upstream and one downstream to cover entire module. Photo 4 could be of special features or to support notes/queries.

NOTES

Use this box to enter details where you are unsure of any measurements / records you have made.

River Survey (MoRPh ver 12)

Sheet 2 - BANK TOP: FLOODPLAIN

MEASUREMENTS

RECORD WHAT YOU SEE NOT WHAT YOU KNOW (within 10 m of bank edge)

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE		CODE		ABUN	DANCE	NOTES	
2.1 BANK TOP - A	ARTIFICIAL / MANAG	GED GROUND COVER	LB	RB	LB	RB	CUD DOMINANT TVD	
Artificial ground cover	Artificial ground cover (Fp, Tr, Ic,	DOMINANT TYPE			A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	ONLY RECORD if it	
		SUB-DOMINANT TYPE (see (i))			A / P / E	A / P / E	occupies > 20% of area within 10m of bank edge	
2.2 BANK TOP - N	IATURAL / LIGHTLY	MANAGED GROUND C	OVER		LB	RB		
Terrestrial		Unvegetated (bare soil			A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E		
vegetation		Mosses / lichens			A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	ABUNDANCE CODES	
		Short/creeping herbs/g	grasses			A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E abundance codes	
		Tall herbs/grasse	S		A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	on sheet 2 refer to	
		Scrub or shrubs			A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	proportion of <u>area</u> within	
		Saplings or trees			A/T/P/E		10 m of bank edge along	
	Fallen trees (ONL)	Fallen trees (ONLY those with a significant proportion on bank top)				A/T/P/E	the module length. Circle one of:	
	Leaning trees				A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	A = absent,	
	J-shaped trees				A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	T = trace (< 5%),	
	Tree/shrub branches trailing into channel				A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	P = present (5% - <33%),	
	Large wood (wood pieces > 1m long, > 10 cm diameter)				A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	E = extensive (> 33%)	
	Predominant tre	ree type (Absent, Deciduous, Coniferous, Mixed)			A/D/C/M	A/D/C/M		
Non-native		Himalayan balsar	n		A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E		
invasive plant		Japanese knotwee	ed		A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	DI ANT IDENTIFICATION	
species		Giant hogweed			A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	PLANT IDENTIFICATION See MoRPh field guide	
		Floating pennywo	rt	A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	See Work If field guide		
	Other: NAME SPECIES				A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E		
×	Other: N	IAME SPECIES			A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E		
	VATER RELATED FE				LB	RB		
Water-related	Pond	Disconnected from			A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E		
features	Folia		r by water-filled channel at ne of survey		A/T/P/E	A / T / P / E		
	Side channel - free flowing separate channel including tributaries and fish passes			A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E			
	Wetland Short non-woody vegetar sedges)			g. mosses,	A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E		
	dominant	Tall, non-woody veget	7			A / T / P / E		
	vegetation type)	Shrubs and trees (e	.g. alder / w	illow carr)	A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E		

NOTES (ctd.)

Sheet 3 - BANK FACE AND CHANNEL MARGIN MEASUREMENTS

RECORD WHAT YOU SEE NOT WHAT YOU KNOW

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	СС	DDE		ABUN	DANCE	NOTES		
3.1 BANK FACE - PI	ROFILE		LB	RB	LB	RB			
Bank face - Profile	artificial Sm, Pc)	Bank profile type			A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	SUB-DOMINANT TYPE ONLY RECORD if it occupies > 20% of ti		
	profile SUB-DOMINANT TYPE (see (i))	Bank profile type			A / P / E	A / P / E	bank	length	
3.2 BANK FACE - N	MATERIALS		LB	RB			WHICH PART OF THE BANK IS		
		Sediment size						ORCED?	
Bank face - Natural materials	Bank face sediment (AR, BE, BO, CO, GP,	(top 2/3) Sediment size						bsent	
ivaturar materiais	SA, SI, CL, OR, PE, EA, NV)	(bottom 1/3)			LB	RB	T = main	ly the top the bottom	
Bank face - Reinforcement	Which part of the bank is reinforced? (IOTE SPECIFIC COI	DES IN BO	OX (ii))	A / T / B / W	A / T / B / W		e bank face	
	How extensive is the reinforcement	norizontally along	the mod	ule?	A/T/P/E	A / T / P / E			
	DOMINANT TYPE (CC, CB,	Reinforcement			882				
	Bank BR, SP, WP, BW, RR, GA, WS,	type					SUB-DOMI	NANT TYPE	
	reinforce- RE, BC, WO) ment SUB-DOMINANT TYPE	Reinforcement						it occupies > 20%	
	(see (iii))	type					reinford	ced area	
3.3 BANK FACE / C	HANNEL MARGIN - FEATURES		LB	RB	LB	RB			
Natural physical features	Bare / unvegetated side bar (< 50% vegetation cover)	Sediment size			A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E		ICE CODES	
	Vegetated side bar (>50% vegetation cover)	Sediment size			A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	A/T/P/E abundance codes of sheet 3 refer to proportion bank length occupied by feat		
	Berm (if unsure whether berm	/bench record as	berm)		A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	The state of the s	Λ 'Terrestrial	
	Bench (if unsure whether bern	Bench (if unsure whether berm/bench record as berm)					vegetation on bank face ' an		
	Stable cliff (>				A / T / P / E A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E A / T / P / E	'Non-native invasive plant spec		
	Eroding cliff (Eroding cliff (> 0.5m)					in section 3.4, which refer to proportion of bank face <u>area</u> : A = 0%, T = < 5%,		
		Nest holes or animal burrows							
	Marginal bac				A / T / P / E A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E A / T / P / E	P = 5% - <33	%, E = > 33%	
	Tributary junction / confluer								
Artificial	Pipes / outfalls (if appear potentially	functional): RECOF	RD AS CO	UNT			Mai (Maior) -	>200/ shannal	
physical features	Jetty Deflect	-4			Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min Maj / Int / Min Width; Int (Intermediate) width; Int (Intermediate)				
	Other: INSERT FEATURE NAME) 					1 11 BAS (BAS) 4004 111		
					,,,,,	, , ,			
MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	ABUNE	ANCE		MEASUREN	MENT TYPE	ABUNDANCE		
3.4 BANK FACE / C	HANNEL MARGIN - VEGETATION	LB	R	В			LB	RB	
Terrestrial	Unvegetated (bare earth or rock)	A / T / P / E	A/T	/ P / E	Fallen trees (ON	LY those with a	A / T / P / E	Δ / T / D / F	
vegetation on	Mosses / lichens	A/T/P/E	A/T/	/ P / E	significant propor	tion on bank face)	A/1/1/2	A / / / / / L	
bank face	Short/creeping herbs/grasses	A/T/P/E	A / T /	/ P / E	Leaning	g trees	A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	
	Tall herbs/grasses	A/T/P/E	A/T/	/ P / E	J-shape	d trees	A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	
	Scrub or shrubs	A/T/P/E	A/T	/ P / E	Tree/shrub brand	ches trailing into	A / T / P / E	A / T / D / E	
	Saplings or trees	A/T/P/E	A/T,	/ P / E	char		A/I/P/E	A/T/P/E	
	Large wood (pieces > 1m long, > 10 cm diameter)	A / T / P / E	A / T /	/ P / E	Exposed t		A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
					Discrete organi (e.g. leave		A/T/P/E	A/T/P/E	
		A/T/P/E	A/T	/ P / E	Amph		A / T / P / E	A / T / P / E	
Aquatic	Liverworts, mosses, lichens				Filamentous algae				
Aquatic vegetation	Liverworts, mosses, lichens Emergent broad-leaved	A / T / P / E	A/T	/P/E	Filamento	ous algae	A/T/P/E	A/I/P/E	
vegetation at bank-water					Filamento	ous algae	A / I / P / E	A/1/P/E	
vegetation	Emergent broad-leaved	A / T / P / E A / T / P / E	A / T ,	/ P / E	Filamento Other: RECORD SPE				
vegetation at bank-water margin Non-native	Emergent broad-leaved Emergent linear-leaved (incl horsetails)	A / T / P / E A / T / P / E	A / T /	/ P / E			A/T/P/E		
vegetation at bank-water margin	Emergent broad-leaved Emergent linear-leaved (incl horsetails) Himalayan balsam	A/T/P/E A/T/P/E A/T/P/E A/T/P/E	A / T / A / T /	/ P / E / P / E / P / E		CIES NAME		A / T / P / E	

Sheet 4 - CHANNEL BED MEASUREMENTS

RECORD WHAT YOU SEE NOT WHAT YOU KNOW

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY		MEASUREMENT TYPE		MEASUREMENT TYPE		ABUNDANCE	
4.1 CHANNEL BED -	MATERIALS						
Channel bed -		Bedrock (BE)	A/T/P/E	Silt (and finer non-sti	cky particles, SI)	A/T/P/E	
Natural materials		Boulder (BO)	A/T/P/E	Clay (C	L)	A/T/P/E	
	Bed sediment	Cobble (CO)	A/T/P/E	Organic (leaves, twigs etc. not fully decomposed) (OR)		A / T / D / I	
	size	Gravel-Pebble (GP)	A/T/P/E			A/T/P/I	
		Sand (SA)	A/T/P/E	Peat (P	E)	A/T/P/E	
	Silt overlying coarser sediments	Continuous silt layer (the form of underlying coarser sediments is visible)	A/T/P/E	Patchy thin layer (some coarser particles protrude through the silt layer)		A / T / P / E	
Channel bed -		Bed reinforcement extent	A/T/P/E				
Reinforcement			CODE / DESCRIF	PTION			
	Bed reinforcement materials	DOMINANT TYPE (CC, CB, BR, SP, WP, BW, RR, GA, WS, RE, BC, WO)	reinforcement type	(i) SUB-DOMINANT TYPE: ONLY RECOR		RD if it occupies >	
		SUB-DOMINANT TYPE (see (i))	reinforcement type		20% reinforced at		
4.2 WATER SURFAC	E				<u> </u>		
Water surface flow		Free fall (FF)	A/T/P/E	Rippled (RP)	A/T/P/I	
patterns		Chute (CH)	A/T/P/E	Smooth (SM)	A/T/P/	
	Flow types	Broken standing waves (BW)	A/T/P/E	No noveoutible	fla (ND)		
		Unbroken standing waves (UW)	A/T/P/E	No perceptible flow (NP)		A/T/P/	
		Upwelling (UP)	A/T/P/E	Dry (DR)		A/T/P/	

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	ABUNDANCE							
4.3 CHANNEL BED	FEATURES								
Channel bed -	nnel bed - Exposed bedrock								
Natural	Exposed unvegetated boulders / rocks (< 50% veg	getation cover)	A/T/P/E						
physical features	Exposed vegetated boulders / rocks (> 50% vege	etation cover)	A/T/P/E						
	Bare / unvegetated mid channel bar (< 50% vegetation cover)	sediment size	A / T / P / E						
	Vegetated mid channel bar (>50% vegetation cover)	sediment size	A/T/P/E						
	Island		A/T/P/E						
	Cascade		A/T/P/E						
	Pool: RECORD AS COUNT								
	Riffle: RECORD AS COUNT								
	Step (steep boulder/bedrock feature <2m high, mainly								
	RECORD AS COUNT								
	Waterfall (steep boulder/bedrock feature >2m high								
	RECORD AS COUNT								
Channel bed -	Large trash (car parts, trolleys, traffic con	ies etc)	A/T/P/E						
Artificial features	Major weir (see (ii)): RECORD AS COU	NT							
	Intermediate weir (see (ii)): RECORD AS O								
	Minor weir (see (ii)): RECORD AS COU								
	Bridge piers in river bed: RECORD AS CO	DUNT							
	Bridge shadow (see (iii))		Wide / Int / Narr						
	Culvert: RECORD AS COUNT								

NOTES

ABUNDANCE CODES A/T/P/E abundance codes on sheet 4 refer to proportion of the area of the river bed within the module length. Circle one of: A = absent, T = trace (< 5%), P = present (5% - <33%),

WEIR TYPES / SIZES

E = extensive (> 33%)

Major: permanent, impermeable, impounding structure across entire channel width Intermediate: semi-permeable, loose stone / wood structure across entire channel width Minor: highly permeable, transient feature across entire channel width

BRIDGE SHADOW

Wide = > 25 m channel length, Int (Intermediate) = 10-25 m, Narr (Narrow) = < 10m

MEASUREMENT CATEGORY	MEASUREMENT TYPE	ABUNDANCE	MEASUREMENT TYPE	ABUNDANCE
4.4 CHANNEL BED -	VEGETATION			
Vegetation within	Unvegetated (bare river bed)	A/T/P/E	Amphibious	A/T/P/E
wetted channel	Liverworts, mosses, lichens	A/T/P/E	Submerged broad-leaved	A/T/P/E
(aquatic vegetation)	Emergent broad-leaved	A/T/P/E	Submerged linear-leaved	A/T/P/E
	Emergent linear-leaved (incl horsetails)	A/T/P/E	Submerged fine-leaved	A/T/P/E
	Floating leaved (rooted)	A/T/P/E	Filamentous algae	A/T/P/E
	Free floating	A/T/P/E	Channel choked with plants?	YES/NO
Vegetation	Vegetation shading channel	A/T/P/E	Large wood dam (in channel and crosses entire	
interacting with	Submerged tree roots	A/T/P/E	channel): RECORD AS COUNT	
wetted channel	Trees/shrubs/saplings growing on river bed	A/T/P/E	Fallen trees (ONLY those with a significant	
(terrestrial	Large wood in channel (pieces > 1m long, >10 cm wide)	A/T/P/E	proportion in channel): RECORD AS COUNT	
vegetation)	Discrete accumulations of organic material in channel (e.g. twigs, leaves)	A / T / P / E		
Non-native	Himalayan balsam	A/T/P/E	Other: RECORD SPECIES NAME	A / T / D / E
invasive plant	Japanese knotweed	A/T/P/E		A/T/P/E
species	Giant hogweed	A/T/P/E	Other: RECORD SPECIES NAME	A / T / D / E
	Floating pennywort	A/T/P/E		A/T/P/E